

## General Assembly

## **Amendment**

February Session, 2004

LCO No. 2982

\*HB0534002982SD0\*

Offered by:

SEN. PRAGUE, 19th Dist.

To: Subst. House Bill No. **5340** 

File No. 324

Cal. No. 383

## "AN ACT CONCERNING LUMP SUM PAYMENTS UNDER THE WORKERS' COMPENSATION ACT."

- 1 After the last section, add the following and renumber sections and
- 2 internal references accordingly:
- 3 "Sec. 501. Section 31-307 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2004*):
  - (a) If any injury for which compensation is provided under the

provisions of this chapter results in total incapacity to work, the

- 7 injured employee shall be paid a weekly compensation equal to
- 8 seventy-five per cent of [his] the injured employee's average weekly
- 9 earnings as of the date of the injury, calculated pursuant to section 31-
- 10 310, after such earnings have been reduced by any deduction for
- 11 federal or state taxes, or both, and for the federal Insurance
- 12 Contributions Act made from such employee's total wages received
- during the period of calculation of the employee's average weekly
- 14 wage pursuant to said section 31-310; but the compensation shall not
- 15 be more than the maximum weekly benefit rate set forth in section 31-

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309 for the year in which the injury occurred. No employee entitled to compensation under this section shall receive less than twenty per cent of the maximum weekly compensation rate, as provided in section 31-309, provided the minimum payment shall not exceed seventy-five per cent of the employee's average weekly wage, as determined under section 31-310, and the compensation shall not continue longer than the period of total incapacity.

- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, any employee who suffers any injury or illness caused by [his] the employer's violation of any health or safety regulation adopted pursuant to chapter 571 or adopted by the federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration and listed in 29 CFR, Chapter XVII, after the violation has been cited in accordance with the provisions of section 31-375 or the provisions of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970, 84 Stat. 1601 (1970), 29 USC 658 and not abated within the time fixed by the citation, provided the citation has not been set aside by appeal to the appropriate agency or court having jurisdiction, shall receive a weekly compensation equal to one hundred per cent of the employee's average weekly earnings at the time of the injury or illness.
- (c) The following injuries of any person shall be considered as causing total incapacity and compensation shall be paid accordingly: (1) Total and permanent loss of sight of both eyes, or the reduction to one-tenth or less of normal vision; (2) the loss of both feet at or above the ankle; (3) the loss of both hands at or above the wrist; (4) the loss of one foot at or above the ankle and one hand at or above the wrist; (5) any injury resulting in permanent and complete paralysis of the legs or arms or of one leg and one arm; (6) any injury resulting in incurable imbecility or mental illness.
- (d) An employee who has suffered the loss or loss of the use of one of the members of [his] the body, or part of one of the members of [his] the body, or the reduction of vision in one eye to one-tenth or less of normal vision, shall not receive compensation for the later injury in excess of the compensation allowed for the injury when considered by

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itself and not in conjunction with the previous incapacity except as provided in this chapter.

[(e) Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes to the contrary, compensation paid to an employee for an employee's total incapacity shall be reduced while the employee is entitled to receive old age insurance benefits pursuant to the federal Social Security Act. The amount of each reduced workers' compensation payment shall equal the excess, if any, of the workers' compensation payment over the old age insurance benefits.]"